

Salvatore Ventrone (aka Ventrosky)

Sviluppatore Web Full Stack

# Introduzione agli Hooks di React

Develer Webinar

14/09/2022

develer

# I DI COSA PARLEREMO

- Che problemi risolvono
- Tre hooks base:
  - useState
  - useEffect
  - useContext

# Cos'è React?

- Una libreria JavaScript lato client
- Dichiarativa
- Basata su Componenti
- Tipicamente utilizzata per sviluppare interfacce reattive per il web

# I Perchè gli hooks - Ciclo di vita dei componenti

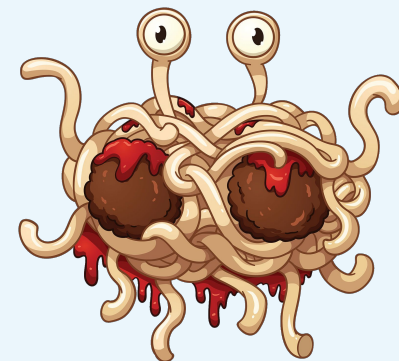
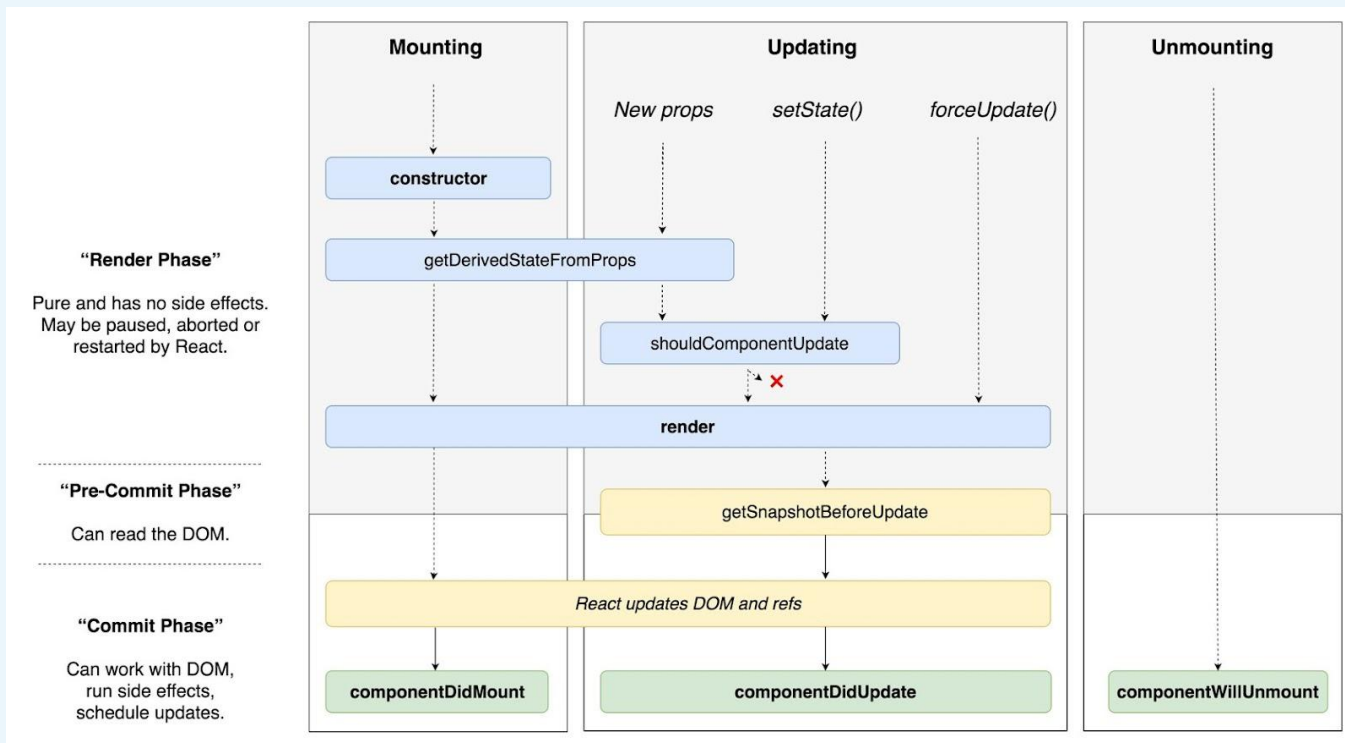


Diagramma da [Dan Abramov](#)

# Le regole degli hooks

- Utilizza gli Hooks solo al Top Level
- Utilizza gli Hooks da funzioni React

## I Regola 1 - solo al Top Level

```
// ❌ Hook in una condizione
if (nome !== "") {
  useEffect(() => {
    localStorage.setItem("data", nome);
  });
}
```

```
useEffect(() => {
  // ✅ condizione nel hook
  if (nome !== "") {
    localStorage.setItem("data", nome);
  }
});
```

## I Regola 2 - solo da functional components

```
// ❌ Hook in un class component
```

```
render () {  
  useEffect(() => {});  
  return <span></span>;  
}
```

```
// ❌ Hook in una funzione pura JS
```

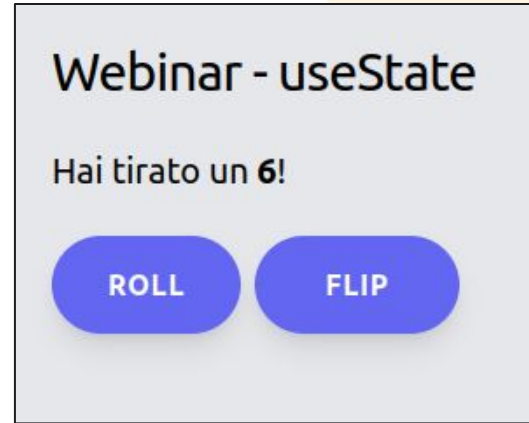
```
const someUtilFunc = () => {  
  useEffect(() => {});  
};
```

```
// ✅ Hook in un functional component
```

```
const MyComponent = () => {  
  useEffect(() => {});  
  return <span></span>;  
}
```

Hooks Base

# useState



<https://codepen.io/BuccaneerDev/pen/Poezmaa>



## I useState - il problema

```
const randomD6 = () => Math.floor(Math.random()* 6)+1;

export default class App extends React.Component {

  constructor(props) {
    super(props);
    this.state = {
      roll: randomD6(),
    };
  };

  handleFlipDice = () => {
    this.setState(prev => { roll: 7 - prev.roll })
  }
}
```

```
render() {
  return (
    <>
      <p>Rolle a {this.state.roll}</p>
      <button onClick = {() =>
        this.setState({roll:randomD6()})}>
        Roll Die
      </button>
      <button
        onClick={this.handleFlipDice.bind(this)}>
        Flip Dice
      </button>
    </>
  );
};
```

## I useState - la soluzione

```
import { useState } from "react";

const randomD6 = () => Math.floor(Math.random() * 6)+1;
const App = () => {
  const [roll, setRoll] = useState(randomD6());
  return (
    <>
      <p>You rolled a {roll} </p>
      <button onClick={() => setRoll(randomD6())}> Roll Die </button>
      <button onClick={() => setRoll((prev) => 7 - prev)}> Flip Dice </button>
    </>
  );
};
```

**Demo** - useState

Hooks Base

# useEffect

## Webinar - useEffect

Hacker News Top Stories

Show top 20

- [Increase: Banking API](#)
- [Gödel, Escher, Bach: an in-depth explainer](#)
- [The last person standing in the floppy disk business](#)
- [W4 Games raises \\$8.5M to support Godot Engine growth](#)
- [Byte Magazine: Declarative Languages \(1985\)](#)

<https://codepen.io/BuccaneerDev/pen/oNdLpMN>

## Webinar - useEffect



500

Internal Server Error

<https://codepen.io/BuccaneerDev/pen/yLjaVEr>

## useEffect - il problema

```
export default class App extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props);
    this.state = {
      stories: [],
      number: 5,
    };
  };

  // handle this.setState toggle number

  // render JSX
```

```
async componentDidMount() {
  const stories = await
    fetchStories(this.state.number);
  this.setState({ stories });
};

async componentDidUpdate(prevProps, prevState) {
  if (this.state.number !== prevState.number) {
    const stories = await
      fetchStories(this.state.number);
    this.setState({ stories });
  }
};
```

## I **useEffect** - la soluzione

```
const App = () => {
  const [stories, setStories] = useState([]);
  const [number, setNumber] = useState(DEFAULT);

  useEffect(() => {
    fetchStories(number)
      .then(elems => setStories(elems));
  }, [number]);

  return (
    <>
      <input type="checkbox" onClick={() => setNumber(number === DEFAULT ? MAX : DEFAULT)} />
      {stories.map((story, i) => (<a key={i} href={story.url} target="_blank">{story.title}</a>))}
    </>;
  );
};
```

**Demo** - useEffect

## I **useEffect** - il problema

```
componentDidMount() {  
  this.timer = setInterval(fetchData, 10 * 1000);  
}  
  
componentDidUpdate(prevProps, prevState) {  
  if (this.state.number !== prevState.number) {  
    clearInterval(this.timer);  
    this.timer = setInterval(fetchData, 10 * 1000);  
  }  
}  
  
componentWillUnmount() {  
  clearInterval(this.timer);  
}
```



## I **useEffect** - la soluzione

```
const App = () => {
  const [data, setData] = useState();
  const [number, setNumber] = useState(5);

  const fetchData = (n) =>
    fetchDataAPI(n).then(setData);

  useEffect(() => {
    fetchData(number);
  }, []);

  useEffect(() => {
    const timer = window.setInterval(() => fetchData(number), POLLING_INTERVAL);
    return () => window.clearInterval(timer);
  }, [number]);
}
```

**Demo** - cleanup

# useContext



<https://codepen.io/BuccaneerDev/pen/yLjJjOz>

## useContext - il problema

```
const Component1 = (props) => {
  return (
    <>
      <h2>{`Foo ${props.name}!!!`}</h2>
      <Component2 name={props.name} />
    </>
  );
};

const Component2 = (props) => {
  return (
    <>
      <h2>... 2</h2>
      <Component3 name={props.name} />
    </>
  );
};
```

```
const Component3 = (props) => {
  return (
    <>
      <h2>... 3</h2>
      <Component4 name={props.name} />
    </>
  );
};

const Component4 = (props) => {
  return (
    <>
      <h2>{`Bar ${props.name}!!!`}</h2>
    </>
  );
};
```

## I useContext - la soluzione

```
const { useState, createContext, useContext } = React;
const UserContext = createContext();

const Saluti = () => {
  const user = useContext(UserContext);
  return user && <h1> Ciao {user.name}! </h1> ;
}

const App = () => {
  const [userCtx, setUserCtx] = useState({name: "Joe Dever"});
  return (
    <UserContext.Provider value={userCtx}>
      <Saluti />
    </UserContext.Provider>
  );
};
```

**Demo** - useContext

# Ricapitoliamo

- | Regole degli Hooks
- | useState
- | useEffect
- | useContext

## I useState - la soluzione

```
import { useState } from "react";

const randomD6 = () => Math.floor(Math.random() * 6) + 1;
const App = () => {
  const [roll, setRoll] = useState(randomD6());
  return (
    <>
      <p>You rolled a {roll} </p>
      <button onClick={() => setRoll(randomD6())}> Roll Die </button>
      <button onClick={() => setRoll((prev) => 7 - prev)}> Flip Dice </button>
    </>
  );
};
```



# LINK UTILI

- | React Docs  
<https://reactjs.org/docs/getting-started.html>
- | Regole degli Hooks  
<https://reactjs.org/docs/hooks-rules.html>
- | You Don't Know JS Yet  
<https://github.com/getify/You-Dont-Know-JS>

# Salvatore Ventrone

ventrosky@develer.com  Ventrosky

Vuoi rimanere aggiornato sugli eventi Develer?  
Seguici nei nostri canali social:



  
develer

[www.develer.com](http://www.develer.com)